

CONTEXT

Education and training are seen as key actors in the development of a knowledge society. And more recently, the role of education and training in strengthening a shared European identity is stressed. Therefore, both the EU and the member states put forward daring targets to energize the sectors of education and training making them more performing.

A SHORT HISTORY OF EUNEC

In order to give these innovation policies a broad societal support, governments mobilize the educational and social-economic stakeholders such as representatives of school boards, teacher trade unions, parent and student organizations and social partners to participate actively in the conception and the implementation of policies and activities in education and training.

Therefore most of the member states have set up national or regional formal institutions of consideration and consultation, bringing together all these stakeholders or part of them, in some cases together with experts, to formulate their recommendations.

Education councils have diverse statutes, but they all function as an advisory body towards governments on future education policies.

In 1999, some councils decided to work together on European educational subjects, and, to encourage a closer and more intense cooperation, the education councils created in 2000 EUNEC, a **European network of national and regional education councils**, with the support and the help of the European Commission.



From 2008 until 2013, EUNEC was recognized and granted as European organisation acting at European level in the field of education and training under the Jean Monnet programme (DG EAC N° 28/07). Within this programme, EUNEC obtained two consecutive three year Framework Partnership agreements.

In 2014, EUNEC was granted under the Erasmus+ programme, Key Action 3 for civil society cooperation in the field of education and training. This grant allowed the network to continue its efforts to enhance cooperation on education and training in Europe and to aim for more sustainable results.

From 2015. EUNEC is no longer granted under Erasmus+, because of changes in the eligibility criteria. EUNEC continues its work and pursues its objectives, supported by member contributions.





MISSION

EUNEC is convinced that all those involved in education (the European Commission, the governments of the Member States, the education councils, the stakeholders and all European citizens) can benefit from this European network where major evolutions in educational systems can be discussed thoroughly and prepared for a successful implementation.

EUNEC aims to discuss the findings of European policy documents in the field of education and training, to determine points of view and to formulate statements on these issues. EUNEC wants to disseminate these statements pro-actively towards the European Commission, relevant DGs and other actors at European level, and to promote action by EUNEC members and participants at national level. EUNEC has the objective that the councils should put the main international policy lines high on the national agenda.

EUNEC wants to work in two directions:

EUNEC wants to disseminate and discuss - at the national and at the European level - documents, texts, studies... that are launched by the European Commission within the framework of the Europe 2020 Strategy, the Bologna process, the Copenhagen process, Education and Training 2020 and the upcoming frameworks, mainly the European Education Area. With sound and coherent statements, the members of EUNEC want to influence the discussions and the decisions on the major European issues in education and training both on the European and on the national level.



TARGET GROUPS

Through the members, education councils, EUNEC reaches stakeholders, experts and policy makers in the field of education and training in Europe.

EUNEC members are education councils. An education council must meet the following criteria (Statutes, Chapter II, art. 6.1):

- \neg The council operates as a permanent body
- The council acts independently from any single interest through the presence of a range of members from different social groups, political affiliations and/or academic perspectives.
- The council has as principal goal to provide advice on educational and training policy.
- The advisory role is embedded in the policy making process at the level where the main competences on education and/or training policy are attributed.

The composition of the education councils guarantees the involvement of all the principal stakeholders in education in a region/country. This way, EUNEC wants to reach all stakeholders (policy makers, social partners, parents, students, teachers, providers...) in education throughout the European Union and beyond.



EUNEC MEMBERS IN 2020

Members are national councils, or regional councils, such as in Belgium where education and initial training are exclusively regional matters.

Members of the Executive Committee and of the General Assembly

Those members are entitled to take part in all the activities of the network. They have a full responsibility in the network as described in part III and IV of the Statutes (competences of the general assembly and the executive committee).

FLEMISH COMMUNITY (BELGIUM): Vlaamse Onderwijsraad (VLOR)

FRENCH COMMUNITY (BELGIUM): Conseil de l'Education et de la Formation (CEF)

THE NETHERLANDS: Onderwijsraad

PORTUGAL: Conselho Nacional de Educação (CNE)

LITHUANIA: Lietovous svietimo taruba (LST), the Lithuanian Education Council

CYPRUS : Symvoulio Paideias, the Cyprus Education Council



Members of the General Assembly

Those members are entitled to take part in the general assembly, in the seminars and conferences and other initiatives they are invited to by the

executive committee. They receive information produced by EUNEC on European, international and national policy lines.

QUEBEC: Conseil Supérieur de l'Education

SPAIN: Consejo Escolar del Estado (CEE)

MOROCCO: Superior Council for Education, Training and Research

FRANCE: CNESCO (Conseil National d'Evaluation du Système Scolaire)

IRELAND: Teaching Council

MALTA: Curriculum Management Department

HUNGARY: Public Education Council





YEARLY SEMINAR POSTPONED DUE TO COVID 19 PANDEMIC

EUNEC had planned to organize, in June 2020, a 'double' event in the Netherlands, hosted by the Dutch Education Council:

Seminar 'Are our education systems fit for the future?'

Topic:

- How can education systems be organized so that they can react in a flexible way to future developments?
- The governance and organization of education and of the education system.

Anniversary celebration

Objectives:

- \neg Celebrate 20 years of EUNEC;
- \neg Enhance the visibility of education councils;
- Demonstrate the added value of structured independent policy advice;
- Emphasize the importance of cooperation between education councils at EU/international level;
- Exchange experiences and knowledge on differences and similarities between educational advisory bodies/education councils, taking into account the diversity;
- Enhance the visibility of EUNEC towards organizations that are not (yet) part of the network.



Due to the COVID-19 pandemic, this double event has been postponed.

PREPARATION OF A READER 'EDUCATION COUNCILS IN EUROPE. GOING BEYOND THE TENSIONS'

The network decided to prepare a reader with contributions of EUNEC members on the role and functioning of education councils in Europe, and beyond.

The letter below, sent by EUNEC president, Mr Manuel Miguéns, explains the intention and invites member councils to contribute:

Dear colleagues

I am writing to you about our initiative to celebrate the EUNEC 20^{th} anniversary.

Our network was founded in the year 2000 by a group of Education Councils that recognized the relevance and benefits of close collaboration and envisaged networking and partnership as the best approaches to identify and disseminate good practices helping education councils to fulfill their missions within a European context.

We have agreed in Paris that we would prepare a special publication, a book that will include a set of articles written by invited authors from each one of the countries that have an Education Council as a member of EUNEC.

It would be perfect if the articles reflect a perspective of the history, the role, the relevance and the future of Education Councils in the context of the policy-making processes, including the relationships with Parliament, Government, and



civil society. In a way, demonstrating the relevance of structured and institutional

consultation in the decision making processes concerning education policies.

Thus, I thank you in advance for all your efforts to make sure that your Council's paper and your country representation are included in that book commemorating the 20th anniversary of our network.

During the working year 2020, the reader has been prepared. The book (online and printed availability) will be presented to the General Assembly in Spring 2021, and contains, following an introduction by EUNEC president, Manuel Miguéns and by EUNEC secretary general, Mia Douterlungne, the following articles, written by ten EUNEC member organizations:

- Ministry of Education, Culture, Sports and Youth, Cyprus 'Reform of the Cyprus education system and the contributions of advisory bodies and stakeholders in the policy making process'
- Flemish Education Council
 'Participation from civil society for high-quality education'
- CNESCO, France
 'Cnesco: From scientific and participatory diagnosis to education policy support'
- 4. Teaching Council, Ireland'A little more conversation, a lot more action: Consultation in education policy development in Ireland'



- Education Council, Lithuania
 'Understanding the role of education stakeholders in Lithuania'
- 6. Higher Council for Education, Training and Scientific Research, Morocco

'A road map for the reform of education in Morocco'

- 7. Dutch Education Council 'Building connections'
- National Education Council, Portugal 'The advisory role in education, in Portugal'
- Conseil Supérieur de l'Education, Québec
 'The Conseil Supérieur de l'Education du Québec: a governmental organization examining educational issues that has existed for more than 55 years'
- State School Council, Spain
 'The Spanish Case: an interview with the President of the State School Council'

Marleens Brans and Ellen Fobé (Public Management Institute, KULouvain) accepted to write an academic chapter, overviewing all contributions: 'Education Councils. Critical boundary actors bridging the worlds of policy, science, practice and society'



CONSULTATION ON THE POSITIONS OF EDUCATION COUNCILS REGARDING THE COVID-19 PANDEMIC

EUNEC took this initiative in order to gather insights from all the members, facing similar challenges during this global crisis, so that they can inspire and learn from each other. The results of this consultation can also feed the debates during the upcoming seminar on the theme 'Are our education systems fit for the future?', a theme which has become even more relevant today.

In July 2020, members were invited to participate to a consultation, based on the questions below.

Results of the consultation have been published at <u>www.eunec.eu</u>. The results will be the basis of further digital exchange at the occasion of the 2021 Spring general assembly meeting.

Questionnaire on the positions of education councils regarding the COVID-19 pandemic

A. Policy issues

Describe the main policy issues regarding the COVID 19 education policy

 Which were the main measures adopted during the lockdown (particularly those measures related to teaching and learning),



Specify if relevant the education level concerned e.g. primary, vocational, higher education, special needs, others, ...

What were the main pitfalls to overcome? e.g. continuing education activities, impact on learning outcomes, inequalities, infrastructure, impact on wellbeing of pupils (psychological, social, ...)

Describe the 'normalization' process

- Which were the main measures adopted during the normalization process (particularly those measures related to teaching and learning)? Specify if relevant the education level concerned e.g. primary, vocational, higher education, special needs, others, ...
- What were the main pitfalls to overcome? e.g. continuing education activities, impact on learning outcomes, inequalities, infrastructure ...
- What were the main innovations that opened new opportunities for renewal in education policies? Are there any lessons learned for new approaches in education (e.g. added value of blended learning, blended counseling of pupils, ...)?
- What was the role played by distance learning? Blended learning?
 What are the lessons learned by these innovations?

B. Positions and recommendations of education councils

- Did your Council release recommendations on education in pandemic times? Or are recommendations planned? In progress?
- \neg What is the main focus of those recommendations?
- What are the most relevant recommendations produced by your Education Council?



EUNEC RESPONSE TO EUROPEAN COMMISSION CONSULTATIONS

The European Commission published a roadmap for their initiative to release a Communication on 'Achieving the European Education Area'. It will set out specific actions and targets to establish a European Education Area by 2025. This roadmap was open for feedback.

As the European Education Area was the central topic of the EUNEC seminar (May 2019), the conclusions of the seminar (<u>statements</u> agreed

by all our members) to the European Commission. Feedback will be taken into account for further development and fine tuning of the initiative. The Commission will summarize the input received in a synopsis report explaining how the input will be taken on board and, if applicable, why certain suggestions can't be taken up.

(Feedback reference F543652 Submitted on 17 August 2020)

NETWORKING BETWEEN MEMBERS FOR SHARED ACTIVITIES

EUNEC members regularly work together by means of bilateral contacts or in subgroups on specific themes in the field of education and training, according to their own national agenda or to the European agenda.

Executive committee meetings, general assembly meetings and seminars are excellent occasions to see which colleagues from other education councils could offer help or work together on specific themes.



In order to prepare a specific event or a specific document, the members of the executive committee decide to organize temporary working groups: A working group (Flemish Education Council, Portuguese Education Council, Dutch Education Council) has finalized the programme for the seminar on the theme 'Are our education systems fit for the future?' and the anniversary celebration. Unfortunately, this event had to be postponed. The preparation results will be taken forward to the organization of the event as soon as possible.

The Flemish Education Council and the Dutch Education Council have close contacts between staff members on thematic issues, following first contact during two exchange meetings. The secretary director of the Dutch Council had an exchange meeting with the secretary general of the Flemish Education Council.

The invitation for the <u>transnational comparison conference</u> on continuous professional development of education staff, organized by Cnesco, has been forwarded to all members. Several EUNEC members representatives participated actively and shared material in their own organization.

There is a <u>bilateral cooperation agreement</u> between the Conseil supérieur de l'éducation (Québec) and the Conseil supérieur de l'éducation, de la formation et de la recherche du Maroc.

CNE closely works together with the CEE (Consejo Escolar del Estado, Spain) and has a bilateral agreement with the Higher Council for Education, Training and Scientific Research, Morocco.



MANAGEMENT OF THE NETWORK

Organization of the network

All the members of the organization are allowed to be represented in the **General Assembly**. The responsibilities of the General Assembly include the right to:

- \neg amend the statutes;
- \neg elect the President of the network;
- \neg nominate and discharge the members of the Executive Committee
- determine the status of members and acceptance and exclusion of a member
- \neg approve the budget and the annual account
- discuss and decide on matters concerning the operation, activities and working programme of the network;
- discuss and decide matters concerning the existence of the network;
- \neg approve or amend the internal rules of procedure
- \neg dissolve the organisation;

In 2020, the General Assembly met on 22 June. The minutes of these meetings are published at <u>www.eunec.eu</u> (management section).

The **Executive Committee** is the board of the network. The executive committee has to prepare the proposals that are submitted to the General Assembly.



The Executive Committee must:

- \neg implement the decisions of the General Assembly;
- announce the meetings of the General Assembly and the other network activities;
- ¬ approve new members
- appoint the auditor
- \neg prepare the accounts after receiving the auditor's report
- \neg decide on the budget
- take decisions in accordance with the statutes of the network, in accordance with the interests of the network or with the policy of the General Assembly;
- report to the General Assembly on its activities and its financial management
- \neg nominate the general secretary
- \neg decide on the annual fees

The executive committee is at the same time also the place of real exchanges and networking about the national and European priorities in the field of education, the place to discuss new European policy documents, the place where the state of affairs is presented.

<u>Composition of the Executive Committee in 2020</u>: Manuel Miguéns (president), Mia Douterlungne (general-secretary), Karin Westerbeek, Maria Emília Brederode Rodrigues dos Santos, Rosa Herpelinck, Jean-Pierre Malarme, Egly Pantelakis, Nathalie Mons.

In 2020, the Executive Committee met on 11 June. The minutes of these



meetings are published at www.eunec.eu (management section).

The **EUNEC** secretariat is composed by the President, the General Secretary, an expert and the secretary.

They coordinate the project and assume the daily management of the network; they keep the contact with the European institutions. They also represent the network in several European events organized in Brussels, where the secretariat is based.

In 2020, the presidency was taken up by the Portuguese Education Council; the General Secretariat and the secretariat are assumed by the Vlaamse Onderwijsraad (Belgium, Flemish Community)

DAILY MANAGEMENT OF THE NETWORK

EUNEC activities are coordinated by the secretariat, based at the Flemish Education Council. This coordination includes

- the daily management of the network (accountancy, membership,...);
- \neg communication with the target group and internal communication;
- \neg networking;
- \neg the organisation of statutory meetings.



The activities include:

- The redaction of a document with an overview of main international policy lines in education and training put at the disposal of the members (for information, agenda setting, ..);
- \neg A regular update of the EUNEC website;
- Representation of the network at international working groups and events related to education and training by the members (Education Summit, presidency events, ..) and a report of this participation.
- The possibility of cooperation between member councils on specific subjects, following networking at EUNEC meetings;
- Contacts with partner organizations and meetings with representatives of the European Commission (invitation for our events, attendance of their events, exchanges, ..);
- \neg Answers to relevant stakeholder consultations;
- \neg Reporting of meetings.



EUNEC annual account 2020

EUNEC 1 January 2020 - 31 December 2020

Г

earnings		2.500,00
	Membership fees	2.500,00
expenditure		3.305,64
	Hosting and support website	1.972,78
	Auditor	1.332,86
balance		-805,64

bank account balance 31/12/2019	36.164,39

bank account balance 31/12/2020	35.358,75
---------------------------------	-----------



Т